

Name of observer: Mengyan Wang Level of class observed: Spanish 101

Topic of the day's lesson: Time, days, months, date

Indicate whether the teaching strategies below were *effective* or *ineffective*. Briefly JUSTIFY your assessment.

➤ Use of target language [quality and quantity of L2; teacher talk vs. student talk]:

effective ineffective

Explaining Quiz for 15 min

Voc mainly teacher explanation * > SS

Qué día es...?

➤ Use / integration of 4 skills [listening, speaking, reading, writing]:

effective ineffective

not much reading / writing was observed

Explain Span ESP culture, reads after

➤ Use of visuals [book, board, technology supported]:

effective ineffective

Always a lot of visuals & technology.
wikipedia
Powerpoint
Youtube

➤ Length / variety of activities [indicate average # of minutes per activity]:

effective ineffective

5-10 min

➤ Personalization of materials [relevance to students' lives]:

effective ineffective

- Small group work [number of students, purpose of activity]:
effective **ineffective**

*but it depends on which day
 in this one, no. Explaining the quiz took
 up too much time.*

- Error correction [frequency and kind]:
effective **ineffective**

*time ← corrected nicely
 date ← in son las
 a student used*

Was this lesson successful? BRIEFLY justify your overall evaluation of the class.

very successful _____

somewhat successful X

not successful _____

Name of observer: Mengyam Wang Level of class observed: German 101

Topic of the day's lesson: Regular/Irregular verbs in past participle (Partizip Perfekt)

Indicate whether the teaching strategies below were *effective* or *ineffective*. Briefly JUSTIFY your assessment.

➤ Use of target language [quality and quantity of L2; teacher talk vs. student talk]:

effective **ineffective**

Darf ich ganz kurz Englisch sprechen?

students said "Ja"

Teacher talk > student talk
at the time

Ich sage Sie sagen
brauchen gebraucht
feiern gefeiert
fragen gefragt

➤ Use / integration of 4 skills [listening, speaking, reading, writing]:

effective **ineffective**

Listening to the instructor ss write their own sentences

Reading mainly for drills, not for meaning

Not much evidence that

students got ample chance to speak a lot. Mainly reading the answers.

suchen -> was is suchen?

Silent

gesucht

Verben mit -d, -t, -en
Verben mit be, ge, ver-

➤ Use of visuals [book, board, technology supported]:

effective **ineffective**

No visuals/pictures.

Only words on board
kaum Bilder

Activities ① Drills for 15 min

② Pair work 4 min 8
Esetzen Sie das Subjekt
Students take turns to read their answer.

①: Was ist das Infinitiv von gesungen etc.?

➤ Length / variety of activities [indicate average # of minutes per activity]:

effective **ineffective**

- ① 15 min
 - ② 8 min
 - ③ 15-20 min
 - ④ 5-10 min
- ① ② ③ are all Drills

words provided on the board (ss pay no attention to meaning)

③ Drills
Was fehlt? Complete the report on a holiday celebration by the appropriate past participles
15-20 min

➤ Personalization of materials [relevance to students' lives]:

effective **ineffective**

I saw it, but too little

Tom, haben Sie gestern gesungen?
Singen Sie dann jeden Tag?

CF: Recast, gefeiert
geübermüdet?
überrast!
Kuchen-Kuchen
(ch)

➤ Small group work [number of students, purpose of activity]:

effective

ineffective

Work in pairs
Arrange students
in different groups

purpose is ~~to memorize~~ ^{to memorize}
certain word structures (e.g. *gerungen*
through drills (machen))

➤ Error correction [frequency and kind]:

effective

ineffective

Recast is the most frequently used type of CF in
the class.

For writing, metalinguistic

feedback happened 1-2 times

Ⓢ Ⓣ Was hast du gemacht?
Ich habe Zeit. Aktivität.

3-4 Beispielsätze schreiben und dann

z.B. *Erstern* habe ich in English, yes, but auf Deutsch, no comma

Was this lesson successful? BRIEFLY justify your overall evaluation of the class.

very successful _____

somewhat successful X

not successful _____

The students didn't seem very motivated. Little authentic materials were used in class. Visual scaffolding was not observed. Some drill activities last too long.

However, the instructor tried to maximize the use of target language and create an welcoming environment for the class. Recast was used mostly as means of corrective feedback, in a friendly way.

Name of observer: Mengyan Wang Level of class observed: Kindergarten

Topic of the day's lesson: Review before the final exam
Chinese as a Second Language

Indicate whether the teaching strategies below were *effective* or *ineffective*. Briefly **JUSTIFY** your assessment.

➤ Use of target language [quality and quantity of L2; teacher talk vs. student talk]:

effective ineffective

TBR a lot because the kids are very young. TBR is effective
Gives students lots of chances to speak out. Repetition helps them memorize

Greetings: 老师们好!
小朋友们好!
if 小朋友 is 小朋友

Lots of encouragement
lots of words

➤ Use / integration of 4 skills [listening, speaking, reading, writing]:

effective ineffective

Not applicable
Listening & speaking all the time
read after phrases/sentences
they can't really formulate long sentences

Call their names
到这儿
1-9 count numbers
in Chinese w/ teacher
Rhyme → 小朋友

➤ Use of visuals [book, board, technology supported]:

effective ineffective

Teacher constantly draws things on board and asks students to draw/point/write them almost all the time. PPT too & video
Visuals are especially helpful for kids. They need line. TBR
Teacher takes out cards, "see who can pronounce it."

➤ Length / variety of activities [indicate average # of minutes per activity]:

effective ineffective

A variety of activities: e.g. Sing/read the rhyme together
tear the star (post-it)
write pinyin on board
Draw body parts
3-5 min to engage kids all the time. Otherwise they would be bored if too long



➤ Personalization of materials [relevance to students' lives]:

effective ineffective

Not evident, because the kids are too little and what they learn to their hard to relate
Personal experiences
Reward Policy "in the classroom" Who performs well gets a star. The stars accumulate.
Chuán 船 (boat) both on board for students to see the difference → Chuáng / chuán

Review a a a a
Pick kids to read.

➤ Small group work [number of students, purpose of activity]:

effective

ineffective

Not really applicable. Sometimes they do well (during a short period of time). Sometimes end up ~~speaking~~ talking in English w/ each other. Very hard to control.

➤ Error correction [frequency and kind]:

effective

ineffective

2
Write 〇〇〇〇
Who wants to write
A kid writes 〇〇〇〇
Is this correct?
You sure?
Picks another count
Finally corrects
ē ē ē ē
Very kind/gentle
correction.
Also gives rewards to
those who correct me
AAA
T T T T
T T T T

Was this lesson successful? BRIEFLY justify your overall evaluation of the class.

very successful

somewhat successful

not successful

The lesson is overall very successful. I saw strong evidence of quantity of L2 use, visuals, a variety of activities to engage students, and very kind error corrections. The kids were engaged all the time, despite of some who easily lose attention.

Physical action to show the tones (really effective for kids)

Review body parts
T writes pinyin first, who wants to draw?

Yan jing → 

2 students come to board to draw at same time.

bizi

Match HA with w/



ti yue shan shui

very structured